

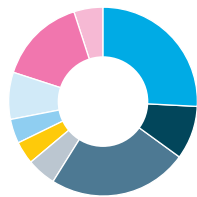
Asset Allocation models.

This brochure outlines the three asset allocation strategies developed specifically for The Jewish Federation & Foundation of Northeast Florida. The Federation and Foundation have employed SEI to enhance these strategies taking into account your individual risk tolerance along with the most efficient asset allocation to help ensure consistency and growth in line with your giving time horizon.

Growth Pool

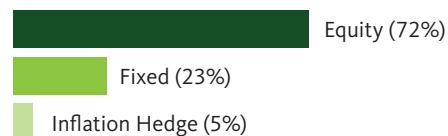
To produce long-term capital appreciation with a moderate amount of current income. Designed for a long-term time horizon.
.14% investment cost.*

Asset Allocation



- S&P 500 Index (26%)
- US Small/Mid Cap Equity Index (9%)
- Screened World Equity ex-US (24%)
- Emerging Markets Equity + Frontier (5%)
- US High Yield (4%)
- Emerging Markets Debt (4%)
- Dynamic Asset Allocation (8%)
- Core Fixed Income (15%)
- Multi-Strategy Real Assets (5%)

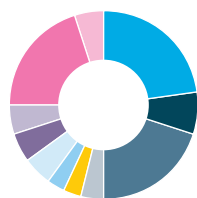
Risk Balance



Moderate Growth Pool

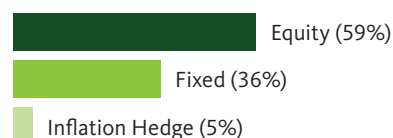
To produce current income with the opportunity for capital appreciation. Designed to meet gifting goals for individuals in their lifetimes.
.14% investment cost.*

Asset Allocation



- S&P 500 Index (23%)
- US Small/Mid Cap Equity Index (7%)
- Screened World Equity ex-US (20%)
- Emerging Markets Equity + Frontier (4%)
- US High Yield (3%)
- Emerging Markets Debt (3%)
- Dynamic Asset Allocation (5%)
- Diversified Short Term Fixed Income (5%)
- Limited Duration Fixed Income: (5%)
- Core Fixed Income (20%)
- Multi-Strategy Real Assets (5%)

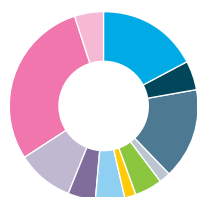
Risk Balance



Balanced Pool

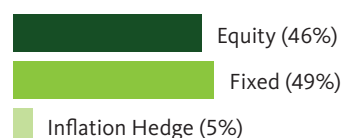
Diversified portfolio while maintaining liquidity. Designed for medium to long-term time horizons.
.13% investment cost.*

Asset Allocation



- S&P 500 Index (18%)
- US Small/Mid Cap Equity Index (5%)
- Screened World Equity ex-US (16%)
- Emerging Markets Equity + Frontier (2%)
- Global Low Beta Equities (5%)
- US High Yield (2%)
- Emerging Markets Debt (2%)
- Diversified Short Term Fixed Income (5%)
- Limited Duration Fixed Income (10%)
- Core Fixed Income (30%)
- Multi-Strategy Real Assets (5%)

Risk Balance





Discover SEI.

SEI delivers technology and investment solutions that connect the financial services industry. With capabilities across investment processing, operations, and asset management, SEI works with corporations, financial institutions and professionals, and ultra-high-net-worth families to solve problems, manage change, and help protect assets—for growth today and in the future.

1 Freedom Valley Drive
P.O. Box 1100
Oaks, PA 19456
610-676-1000

seic.com



*The investment costs proportionally reflect the underlying implementation expense ratios after contractual and voluntary fee waivers as of September 30, 2024 and are subject to change. Waivers may be discontinued at any time.

Risk balance definitions

Low Beta Equities: Stock and shares in a company that are less volatile than the market.

Real Assets: Physical assets that have an intrinsic worth due to their substance and properties.

Inflation Hedge: Financial asset that does not fall into one of the conventional investment categories of stocks, bonds, or cash.

Alternative investments are subject to a complete loss of capital and are only appropriate for parties who can bear that risk and the illiquid nature of such investments.

Alternative investments:

- often engage in leveraging and other speculative investment practices that may increase the risk of investment loss
- can be highly illiquid
- are not required to provide periodic pricing or valuation information to investors.
- involve complex tax structures and delays in distributing important tax information
- are not subject to the same regulatory requirements as mutual funds; and
- often charge high fees.

Disclosures

High yield bonds involve greater risks of default or downgrade and are more volatile than investment grade securities, due to the speculative nature of their investments.

This presentation is provided by SEI Investments Management Corporation (SIMC), a registered investment adviser and wholly owned subsidiary of SEI Investments Company. The material included herein is based on the views of SIMC. Statements that are not factual in nature, including opinions, projections and estimates, assume certain economic conditions and industry developments and constitute only current opinions that are subject to change without notice. Nothing herein is intended to be a forecast of future events, or a guarantee of future results. This presentation should not be relied upon by the reader as research or investment advice (unless SIMC has otherwise separately entered into a written agreement for the provision of investment advice). There are risks involved with investing including loss of principal. There is no assurance that the objectives of any strategy or fund will be achieved or will be successful. No investment strategy, including diversification, can protect against market risk or loss. Current and future portfolio holdings are subject to risk. Past performance does not guarantee future results. In addition to the normal risks associated with equity investing, international investments may involve risk of capital loss from unfavorable fluctuation in currency values, from difference in generally accepted accounting principles or from economic or political instability in other nations. Narrowly focused investments and smaller companies typically exhibit higher volatility. Emerging markets involve heightened risks related to the same factors as well as increased volatility and lower trading volume. These risks may be magnified further with respect to "frontier market countries," which are a subset of emerging market countries with even smaller national economies. Bonds and bond funds will decrease in value as interest rates rise. Investments in high-yield bonds can experience higher volatility and increased credit risk and risk of default or downgrade when compared to other fixed-income instruments. TIPS can provide investors a hedge against inflation as the inflation adjustment feature helps preserve the purchasing power of the investment. Because of this inflation adjustment feature, inflation protected bonds typically have lower yields than conventional fixed rate bonds.

Target allocation weights as of: June 2025